# DLC COATINGS









# Three types in PLATIT's coating portfolio

PLATIT's coating portfolio comprises three DLC (diamond-like carbon) coating types which are aimed and fine-tuned to address specific market and application needs. The coatings consist of a mixture of sp3 (diamond) and sp2 (graphite) bonds. DLC1 and DLC2 are hydrogen containing and DLC3 is the hydrogen free coating generation. DLC1 and DLC2 are specifically aimed to address application challenges in components and sliding contacts. DLC3 with the highest sp3 content, is fine-tuned mainly for tools and particular components.



Highlights:

- Smooth surface
- High mechanical hardness
- Chemical and corrosion resistance
- · Low coefficient of friction between the tool and the workpiece
- Non-reflective surface
- Resistance to bacterial colonization
- · Suitability for biocompatible products

## Comparison of PLATIT DLC coatings

	DLC 1	DLC 2	DLC 3
PLATIT Coating units	Pi111 Pi411 PL1011	Pi411 PL711 PL1011	Pi411
Composition	a-C:H:Me	a-C:H:Si	ta-C/a-C
Process	ARC in C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> atmosphere	PECVD	SPUTTERING
Coating architecture	As top layer	As stand-alone or as top layer	As stand-alone
Doping	Ti or Cr	Si	None
Color	Anthracite	Anthracite	From rainbow colors to anthracite
Coating thickness [µm]	< 1*	< 3	0.3 – 1
Young's modulus [GPa]	200*	250	350-450
Nano-hardness [GPa]	< 20*	> 25	35 – 55
Roughness	Ra ~ 0.1 μm* Rz ~ coating thickness*	Ra ~ 0.03 μm Rz ~ coating thickness	Ra ~ 0.06 μm Rz ~ coating thickness
Coefficient of friction [µ] PoD (at RT, 50 % humidity)	~ 0.15*	~ 0.1-0.2	~ 0.1
Max. service temperature [°C]	400	400	450
Coating temperature [°C]	< 400	< 220	< 100
Main application	Improvement of the run-in process of a tool, lubrication by formation of transfer films	Components, punches and dies	Tools

\* As a top layer

# Categories

DLC coatings are divided into the following categories:

- a-C = hydrogen-free amorphous carbon
- ta-C = tetrahedrally bound hydrogen-free amorphous carbon
- a-C:Me = metal-doped hydrogen-free amorphous carbon (Me = Ti)
- a-C:H = amorphous carbon with hydrogen
- ta-C:H = tetrahedrally bound amorphous carbon with hydrogen
- a-C:H:Si = Si-doped amorphous carbon with hydrogen
- a-C:H:Me = metal-doped amorphous carbon with hydrogen (Me = W, Ti, Cr)

## Hardness comparison of DLC technologies



Diamond Structure

CVD = Chemical Vapor Deposition

PECVD = Plasma Enhanced Chemical

FCA = Filtered Cathodic ARC

MS = Magnetron Sputtering

Vapor Deposition CA = Cathodic ARC

# Super hard sputtered ta-C coating

Despite PLATIT developing coating units with DLC1, DLC2 (PECVD) and FCA processes, the selected technology for PLATIT diamond-like carbon coatings is Magnetron Sputtering ta-C. This choice was made for the following reasons:

- Over 50% sp3 content
- · High coating density and hardness
- · High thermal stability
- High abrasive resistance
- Low chemical affinity to counterpart

- Ultra Flexible Unit Pi411 allows the deposition of regular nitrides, borides, oxynitrides as well as DLC coatings with the same hardware setup
- In Pi411 no cleaning between two DLC batches necessary



## Hardness comparison of available sputtered ta-C on the market

ta-C belongs to the PLATIT DLC3 hydrogen-free coating generation with over 50% sp3 content. The high sp3 bond fraction results in a higher density, hardness (at ambient and elevated temperature), thermal stability, oxidation resistance, and lower thermal conductivity. Thus, ta-C has great potential in cutting and forming applications, dealing with nonferrous, plastics and organic materials.



## Comparison in Ti-alloy-machining

Source: Swiss Microtools Manufacturer

# **Applications**

ta-C recommended applications: Depending on the application from micro-tools to components, ta-C can be deposited by the PLATIT Pi411 coating unit in rainbow as well as in black color. ta-C from PLATIT is also recommended for medical applications since the coating is antireflective and energetically unfavorable for bacterial adhesion.

100 µm

DLC3 coated end mill under scanning electron microscope:

Machining Al alloys with Si content to 10 – 14%: ta-C with Pi411 PLUS LACS<sup>®</sup> features higher performance and the least torque value measured





Tool: aluminum step drill; GIW/PCG Workpiece material: GD-AlSi9Cu3(Fe); 9.3 % Si Source: PLATIT AG and PannonPLATIT, Budapest, HU

- Cutting and forming tools
- Industrial machinery
- Medical
- Decorative
- Automotive
- Optics
- Gas barrier
- Data storage

Comparison of the frictional torque of different DLC coatings on a ceramic closure wear element in a water tap:

Coated on a moving ceramic water closure element, ta-C coatings from PLATIT show superiority, combining high hardness and low friction. This allows for much higher service life, which is the number of opening and closing cycles, at a lower and stable friction torque.



Source: PLATIT AG and PLATIT Pannon

Up to four times increased end mill service life with PLATIT's ta-C coating compared to AlCrN in Molybdenum machining:



Owing to its broad range of properties, PLATIT consistently employs ta-C in new applications. Our customers confirm the excellence of our ta-C coatings with significant improvement of their tools, resulting in a performance increase for many applications, including inserts, drills, end mills, taps, molds and dies.

#### PLATIT AG

Headquarters Eichholzstrasse 9 CH-2545 Selzach info@platit.com + 41 32 544 62 00

#### PLATIT AG

Custom Coating Solutions (CCS) Champ-Paccot 21 CH-1627 Vaulruz info@platit.com +41 32 544 62 00

#### PLATIT a.s.

Production, R&D, Service, CEC Průmyslová 3020/3 CZ-78701 Šumperk info@platit.com + 420 583 241 588

### PLATIT Advanced Coating Systems (Shanghai) Co., Ltd

Sales, Service, CEC No. 161 Rijing Road (Shanghai) PFTZ CN-200131 Pudong Shanghai china@platit.com + 86 2158 6739 76

#### PLATIT Inc.

Sales, Service, CEC 1312 Armour Blvd., Mundelein IL 60060, US usa@platit.com + 1 847 680 5270 Fax: + 1 847 680 5271

